



RELOCATION ASSISTANCE

Rent Stabilization Bulletin

All tenant not-at-fault evictions require payment of relocation assistance and the filing of a *Landlord Declaration of Intent to Evict* form with the Los Angeles Housing and Community Investment Department (HCIDLA) prior to evicting the tenant. Failure to file the Landlord Declaration with the HCIDLA makes the eviction a violation of the Rent Stabilization Ordinance (RSO).

Landlords are required to provide monetary relocation assistance and file a Landlord Declaration prior to evicting tenants from units covered by the RSO when:

1. The landlord evicts for the occupancy for her/himself, spouse, grandchildren, children, parents or grandparents, or a resident manager (Los Angeles Municipal Code (LAMC) 151.09.A.8). Landlords must comply with the restrictions and requirements of LAMC Section 151.30.
2. The landlord seeks in good faith to recover possession of the rental unit to demolish or to remove the rental unit permanently from rental housing use (LAMC 151.09.A.10). These are considered Ellis Act (California Government Code 7060.4) evictions and the landlord must comply with the requirements of LAMC 151.22-151.28.
3. The unit requires permanent eviction due to a primary renovation in accordance with a *Tenant Habitability Plan* accepted by the HCIDLA (LAMC 152.05).
4. The landlord evicts to comply with a governmental agency's Order to Vacate (LAMC 151.09.A.11). Landlords must file a *Landlord Declaration of Intent to Evict* prior to giving notice to tenants.
5. The Secretary of Housing and Urban Development is both the owner and plaintiff and seeks to recover possession in order to vacate the property prior to sale (LAMC 151.09.A.12).
6. The eviction is due to a Residential Hotel Unit conversion and demolition (LAMC 151.09.A.13).
7. The landlord seeks to recover possession of the rental unit to convert the subject property to an affordable housing accommodation (LAMC 151.09.A.14).
8. The landlord demolishes the property or converts the use of the property to condominiums, stock cooperatives, community apartment projects, hotels and commercial uses, regardless of whether the property is subject to the RSO (LAMC 47.06 & 47.07).

Central (Wilshire) Regional Office
3550 Wilshire Blvd., 15TH Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90010

East Regional Office
2130 E. 1st St, Suite 2600
Los Angeles, CA 90033

South Regional Office
690 Knox St., Suite 125
Los Angeles, CA 90502

CD-8 Satellite Office
8475 S. Vermont Ave., 2nd Floor
Los Angeles, CA 90044

West Regional Office
1645 Corinth Ave., Suite 104
Los Angeles, CA 90025

North (Valley) Regional Office
6400 Laurel Canyon Blvd., Suite 610
North Hollywood, CA 91606



CITY OF LOS ANGELES



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How Much Relocation Assistance Is Required?

The amount of relocation fees due to the tenants by the landlord depends on whether the tenant is an **eligible** or **qualified** tenant, the length of tenancy, and the tenant's income. Relocation Assistance is paid per unit, not per tenant. For relocation amounts, refer to the Relocation Assistance and the HUD Low Income Limits charts on page 3.

- **Qualified tenant** - A qualified tenant is any tenant who on the date of service of the written notice of termination is 62 years of age or older; handicapped, as defined in Section 50072 of the California Health and Safety Code, or disabled, as defined in Title 42 of the United States Code, Section 423; or who has one or more minor dependent children (as determined for federal income tax purposes).
- **Eligible tenant** - Unless a tenant is a qualified tenant as explained above, the tenant is an eligible tenant and is entitled to receive a relocation assistance amount that depends on length of time in the unit and income.
- **Low Income Tenant** - A tenant whose income is 80 percent or less of the Area Median Income, as adjusted for household size, as defined by the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development, regardless of the length of tenancy.
- **Mom and Pop properties** may pay reduced relocation assistance payments to their tenants for a good faith eviction for occupancy by the owner or eligible relative, provided that requirements in Section 151.30 of the LAMC are met.

The reduced fee for Mom and Pop properties applies, if all of the following conditions exist:

1. The building containing the rental unit contains four or fewer rental units;
2. The landlord has not utilized this provision during the previous three years;
3. The landlord owns no more than four units of residential property and a single-family home on a separate lot in the City of Los Angeles; and
4. Any eligible relative for whom the landlord is recovering possession of the rental unit does not own residential property in the City of Los Angeles.



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Relocation Assistance Amounts Effective July 1, 2018 through June 30, 2019

Tenants	Tenants with Less Than 3 Years	Tenants with 3 or More Years	Tenants Qualifying Under HUD Low Income Limits	Tenants Renting Units in Mom & Pop Properties
Eligible Tenant	\$8,200	\$10,750	\$10,750	\$7,900
Qualified Tenant	\$17,300	\$20,450	\$20,450	\$15,900

2018 HUD Low Income Limits for Los Angeles (Formerly known as 80% of AMI)

Household Size	1 Person	2 Person	3 Person	4 Person	5 Person	6 Person	7 Person	8 Person
Income Limit	\$54,250	\$62,000	\$69,750	\$77,500	\$83,700	\$89,900	\$96,100	\$102,300

How And When Shall Landlords Provide Payment?

The Ordinance requires that relocation assistance payments be made as follows:

1. The entire fee shall be paid to a tenant who is the only tenant in a rental unit.
2. If two or more tenants occupy a rental unit, then each tenant shall be paid an equal pro-rata share of the fee.
3. If more than one fee payment amount applies to a unit, the landlord pays the higher amount for the unit.

The Ordinance requires timely relocation assistance payments as follows:

1. Payment shall be made available within fifteen (15) days of service of the written notice of eviction; however,
2. The landlord may, at the landlord's sole discretion and at the landlord's cost, elect to pay the monetary relocation benefits through an escrow account. The monies must be placed in the escrow account within the required 15-day period. The escrow account must provide for payments to the tenant(s) for actual relocation expenses incurred by the tenant prior to vacating the unit for the following relocation expenses: first and last month's rent; security deposit; utility connection charges; moving expenses. Payments from the escrow account shall be made within three (3) working days of receiving a request for payment. The remaining balance of the escrow account shall be disbursed upon certification of vacation of the rental housing unit. (Refer to bulletin *How to Set-Up Relocation Escrow Accounts* or RAC Regulations, Section 960.00.)



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Exemptions from Relocation Assistance Payments

Landlords are exempt from paying relocation assistance when:

1. Evicting a resident manager to replace him/her with another resident manager. If the resident manager is a *Manager-Tenant* receiving free or reduced rent with no other compensation, he/she may be entitled to relocation assistance. (See RAC Regulations 920.00, Managers as Tenants.)
2. The tenant received actual written notice, prior to entering into a written or oral tenancy agreement, that an application to subdivide the property for condominium purposes, or to convert the building to a condominium, a stock cooperative, or community apartment project was on file with or had been approved by the City.
3. They are required to evict due to hazardous conditions caused by a natural disaster and, therefore, not caused by any negligence on the part of the landlord.

Administrative Fees Related to Relocation Assistance

1. All landlords who file an application which requires relocation assistance to be provided to tenants shall pay the *Relocation Service Fee*, according to the tenants Eligible or Qualified status AND a *Relocation Administrative Fee* per rental unit.
2. All property owners that seek the HCIDLA’s clearance of a Planning or Building and Safety Department demolition permit shall pay a *Demolition Monitoring Administrative Fee*.
3. Requests for a hearing to appeal a decision regarding a tenant’s relocation assistance eligibility for higher relocation assistance based on a tenant’s income, age, length of tenancy, family status and/or disability status must be filed along with the *Relocation Assistance Dispute Resolution Fee* (LAMC 151.09.G).
4. When the termination of tenancy is due to recover possession of the rental unit for use of occupancy as a primary place of residence by the landlord, landlord’s qualified family member, or resident manager, the landlord shall pay an administrative fee for the filing of the application (LAMC 151.09.C.2).

FEE TYPE	FEE PER UNIT
Relocation Service Fee for Eligible Tenants	\$466
Relocation Service Fee for Qualified Tenants	\$748
Relocation Service Administrative Fee	\$65
Demolition Monitoring Administrative Fee	\$45
Relocation Assistance Dispute Resolution Fee	\$205
Residential Hotel Ordinance—Claim of Exemption	\$205 per application
Landlord Declaration for Owner, Eligible Relative, or Resident Manager Occupancy Filing Fee	\$75



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RELOCATION ASSISTANCE QUESTIONS

Can a tenant request relocation fees and services prior to being served with a Notice to Terminate Tenancy, if a tentative parcel or tract map for a condominium conversion has been approved?

If a tentative parcel or tract map for a condominium conversion has been approved by the City of Los Angeles Planning Department, the tenant may elect to relocate without receiving a *Notice to Terminate Tenancy* from the landlord (LAMC Sec. 47.06.D.2). The landlord, however, is still responsible for the payment of relocation assistance in these cases.

How and where do I establish an escrow account, if I choose to do so?

The landlord may place the escrow account in any bank, savings and loan association, or credit union with federal deposit insurance, or with any broker who is licensed by the California Corporate Commission, or with a client trust account of an attorney currently eligible to practice law in California pursuant to the records of the State Bar of California that is reasonably accessible to the tenant(s) during normal business hours. (Refer to bulletin *How to Set-Up Relocation Escrow Accounts* or RAC Regulations, Section 960.00.)

On what basis does a tenant file a complaint, and how?

Non-payment dispute - In an action by the landlord to recover possession of a rental unit, the tenant may raise as an affirmative defense the failure of the landlord to provide relocation assistance. Complaint forms may be obtained and filed with the HCIDLA for illegal eviction when the landlord has not provided relocation assistance.

Escrow Dispute - Where there is an escrow dispute, dispute notices must be sent by registered mail or delivered to the HCIDLA at any of its Public Information Counters, on the second (2nd) working day following presentation of the dispute notice to the opposing party. A copy of the escrow instructions must accompany the notice.

THIS INFORMATION IS OFFERED FREE OF CHARGE TO THE GENERAL PUBLIC.

While this publication is designed to provide accurate and current information about the law, readers should consult an attorney or other expert for advice in particular cases, and should also read the relevant statutes and court decisions when relying on cited material. Laws and guidelines are frequently amended. The HCIDLA recommends that you verify information in the event that new changes are not yet reflected in this publication. The HCIDLA does not assume and hereby disclaims any liability to any party for any loss, damage, or disruption caused by errors or omissions, whether such errors or omissions result from negligence, accident, or any other cause.

AUXILIARY AIDS AND SERVICES: "As a covered entity under Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, the City of Los Angeles does not discriminate on the basis of disability and, upon request, will provide reasonable accommodation to ensure equal access to its programs, services and activities."